



Electricity and electromagnetism set with generator (CC), (AC) and open motors (AC)

## EQ289A

## **Function**

Intended for physics laboratory and physics experiments on: Electricity. The association of lamps in series. The associations of lamps in parallel. A way to measure the internal resistance of a voltmeter. The color code in the characterization of a resistor and its electrical resistance. Electrical resistance, Ohms law. The identification of a non-ohmic resistor. The association of resistors in series. The association of resistors in parallel. The mixed association of resistors. The potentiometer as a voltage divider. The function of the diode in a circuit. Kirchhoffs mesh law. Kirchhoffs law of knots. The equivalent of a series association of capacitors. The equivalent of a parallel association of capacitors. Measurements in electrical circuits and electrical power. Measurement of electrical power dissipated in a circuit, with sensors. Magnetism. Identifying the Earths magnetic field with a sensor. Identification of magnetic poles and field lines, using a sensor. Electromagnetism. Oersteds magnetic sensor experiment. Electromagnetic phenomena and electromagnetic induction. Electromagnetic induction. The magnetic field generated by an electric current in a straight conductor, with a sensor. Magnetic induction between parallel and straight conductors carried by electric current, with sensor. The mapping of magnetic field lines in a Helmholtz coil. Magnetic induction inside a solenoid carried by an electric current, with sensor. The voltage step-up and step-down electrical transformer. The working principle of AC single-phase induction electric motor. The working principle of AC three-phase induction electric motor. The working principle of the DC electrical generator by magnetic induction (permanent magnet). The working principle of the DC electric generator by electromagnetic induction (with electromagnet). The working principle of AC electric generator by electromagnetic induction, etc.

## **Knowledge areas**

Physics

## **Key Experiments**

The combination of lamps in series

The combinations of lamps in parallel

Color code in the characterization of a resistor (electrical resistance)

The electrical resistance, Ohm's law

The identification of a non-ohmic resistor

The combination of resistors in series

The combination of resistors in parallel

The mixed combination of resistors

The potentiometer as voltage divider

The function of the diode in a circuit

Kirchhoff's mesh law

Kirchhoff's node law

The equivalent of a combination of capacitors in series

The equivalent of a combination of capacitors in parallel

Measurements in electric circuits and electric power

The measurement of electric power dissipated in a circuit, with sensors

Identifying Earth's magnetic field through the sensor

Identification of the magnetic poles and field lines in a magnetized object, using sensor

The Oersted experiment with magnetic sensor

Electromagnetic phenomena and electromagnetic induction

Electromagnetic induction

The magnetic field generated by an electric current in a straight conductor using magnetic sensor

The magnetic induction between two parallel and rectilinear conductors traversed by electrical currents using magnetic sensor

The mapping of the magnetic field lines in a Helmholtz coil

The operating principle of the AC single-phase induction electric motor

The operating principle of the AC three-phase induction electric motor

The operating principle of the DC electric generator using magnetic induction (permanent magnet)

The operating principle of the DC electric generator using electromagnetic induction (with an electromagnet)

The operating principle of the AC electric generator using electromagnetic induction

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